the payment of the one-tenth value as well as the initial deposit of Rs. 200. Should any purchaser fail to comply with this rule, the initial deposit of Rs. 200 shall at once be forfeited to Government and the officer conducting the sale shall be at liberty to resell the timber purchased by such defaulter who shall be required to make good any loss, but shall not participate in any profit from such resale. The amount due by such defaulter on account of loss from resale shall be recovered from him as a revenue demand under section 79 of the Mysore Forest Regulation. In calculating such losses, the initial deposit forfeited to Government shall not be taken into account.

In case of re-sales for default of payment of value where no bidders are forthcoming, it will be open to the District Forest Officer to fix such price as may appear to him to be reasonable and to proceed for the recovery from the defaulter of the balance if any, after deducting the price so fixed from the original sale amount. A registered notice should be issued to the defaulter intimating the price fixed by the District Forest Officer, for the unsold wood and the amount still due from him which will be recovered as arrears of Land Revenue.

6. The deposits tendered by unsuccessful bidders shall be returned immediately after the sales are concluded, those of successful bidders being lodged in the Savings Bank as security deposit.

7. The full value of all timber purchased shall be paid for within 30 days after the date of sale or within 15 days after the date of the notice of confirmation of the sale, whichever is later. In case of purchasers of above Rs 1,000 in value, the purchaser shall be permitted to pay up the balance in instalments of not less than Rs. 1,000, provided the full value is paid not later than the 20th June 1930. The moneys shall be paid into such treasury as the District Forest Officer may direct, within the time specified.

8. If the amount is not fully paid for by the purchaser before the dates fixed above the initial deposit as well as the other moneys already paid in, shall be forfeited to Government and all or any portion of the timber not fully paid for, shall be resold at the risk of the purchaser in the manner prescribed for default of payment of one-tenth value in clause 5 *supra*.

9. No timber lot shall be permitted to be removed by the purchaser unless it has been paid for in full, calculated at the rates at which the timber is knocked down to him at the time of sale, excluding the 10 per cent deposit paid for the lot at the time of the sale; and no timber shall be removed from the Depot unless a permit is obtained from the Forest Officer in charge of the Depot. The earnest money will not be adjusted towards the value of timber, until 90 per cent of the purchase money over and above the security deposit has been paid.

10. Timber purchased should be removed as early as possible, and in no case should it be allowed to remain longer than 90 days after the dates fixed in clause 7 *supra*. Timber not removed after purchase, will remain in the Depot at the risk of the purchaser from the date of the confirmation of the sale.

11. If the timber is not removed within the time allowed, the same may, after ten days' notice to the purchaser, be sold in public auction and the proceeds will be given to the purchaser after defraying all the expenses in connection with the resale.

12. The deposit of Rs. 200 will remain as security for the due fulfilment of all and every one of the terms of sale, on the breach of any of which by the purchaser, the District Forest Officer shall be entitled to forfeit the deposit in whole or in part and in the event of such forfeiture, the sum so forfeited shall be immediately made good by the purchaser so long as the transaction is not finally closed. The security deposit or the balance thereof, if any, shall be returned to the purchaser after the full value of timber purchased has been paid for and the timber fully removed.

M. V. NARASIMHAIYA,
District Forest Officer.

IN THE COURT OF THE MUNSIFF AT HUNSUR.

Miscellaneous Case No. 120 *of* 1929-30.

Kalegowda, son of Honnenahalligowda, Heggadi caste, residing at Nagaraghatta, Chilkunda Hobli, Hunsur Taluk ... *Petitioner.*

Mallegowda, son of Honnegowda, residing at Nagaraghatta, Chilkunda hobli, Hunsur Taluk ... ... *Opponent.*

Application for the appointment of guardian to the person and property of Ningi, minor daughter of deceased Kalegowda, inhabitant of Kantekoppalu, Komalapur Dakla, Hunsur Taluk.

The petitioner, abovenamed having applied to be appointed the guardian of the person and property of the aforesaid minor, the 14th day of February 1930 has been fixed for the hearing of the application, and notice is hereby given to the public that if any other relative, friend, kinsmen or well-wisher of the aforesaid minor, desire to be appointed or declared as guardian of the person and property of the said minor, he should enter appearance in person in this Court on the aforesaid date, and be prepared to adduce on that day, any documentary and oral evidence he may desire to adduce in support of his claim to such appointment or declaration.

Given under my hand and the seal of this Court, this 1st day of February 1930.

C. B. SRINIVASA RAO,
Munsiff.